

PE Curriculum Knowledge and Skills Progression*

EYFS Framework

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

ELG: Managing Self

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge

Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly

ELG: Building Relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others

Physical Development

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others;

Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing;

Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

Expressive Arts and Design

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.

			National Co	urriculum				
	KS1		- National Co	arriourum	KS2			
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.			Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different way and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.				ting, collaborating different physical	
Gymnastic Movements	Basic movements and team games	Dance	Athletics	Competitive Games	Gymnastics	Dance	Outdoor and Adventurous Activity	Evaluate
Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.	participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.	Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	Perform dances using a range of movement patterns	Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team	Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.
	•	All schools mus	t provide swimming instru	ction either in ke	ey stage 1 or ke	y stage 2		
			e a range of strokes effective backstroke and l	breaststroke].			elf-rescue in differe situations.	nt water-based

Reception							
EYFS End Points related Early Learning Goals	Topic	Gymnastics Spring 1 & 2	'I can/we will…' and 'I know…' Statements				
Personal, Social and Emotional Development ELG: Managing Self Is confident to try new activities and shows independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explains the reason for rules (and makes and effort to follow these in the context of a game). ELG: Building Relationships Can work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.	Key Knowledge	To know how to correct stretch muscles in the warm up. To know how to safely land and finish skills. To know all basic gymnastics shapes. To understand that it is important for us to warm up before we start gymnastics. To know that we only jump once on a springboard to know how long balances are held for (3 seconds) To know how to hold their body shape correctly - long neck, straight back. To understand why we have landing shapes. To know the names of all the gymnastics equipment used in the sessions. Expressive arts	Linking to KS1 (Games): I can play with balls, hoops, balancing and climbing equipment in the outdoor area. In PE sessions, we will play throwing and catching games, exploring ways of moving encouraging children to get out of breath several times a day. I can develop basic ball, balance and team skills. I can develop kicking, throwing and catching skills. Linking to KS1 (Games, Dance and Gymnastics):				
Physical Development	Curricular Links	PSE development	I can explore different ways of moving; climbing, jumping, skipping, running and hopping.				
ELG: Gross Motor Skills Can negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrates strength, balance and coordination when playing. Can move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Expressive Arts and Design ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Can try to move in time with music	Key Skills	Floor Bunny Hops Landing Shapes Gymnastics Shapes Jumps Rock to stand Bench: Walking variations bunny hop on the bench body slides and pulls Trestle table runs Vault: Squat and Straddle on box top with dismount jumps. Balances: Individual balances Rebound: Jumps off the trestle table Jumps off the springboard	 I can negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. I can demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. 				
	School Context	Vaulting skills equipment - Box Top, springboard Rebound Equipment: Trampette and Springboard Floor Equipment: Mats, Incline Wedge, Box Top Balance Equipment: Benches, Trestle Table runs with benches During the second half of the term the gymnasts will learn and perform a routine using a combination of skills from previous lessons. This routine will be performed in the form of a show towards the end of the second term.	We will discuss the importance of eating healthy food and taking part in physical exercises in order to remain healthy. I Know and can talk about some of the different factors that support my overall health and wellbeing.				

		Year		
KS1 PE Curriculum End	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Points (NC)	Half Term Coverage	1 and 2	1 and 2	1 and 2
Has mastered basic	Topic	Games	Dance	Gymnastics
movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching. Has developed balance, agility and co-ordination, and is beginning to apply these in a range of activities. Can participate in team games and is developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.	Key Knowledge	Knows and can Describe how the body feels before, during and after exercise. The importance of stretching and staying hydrated. The difference between running, jumping, skipping, hopping and walking and will be able to demonstrate these. They know they can throw, kick, roll or bounce to pass and know which movements are necessary to demonstrate this. They will know that they can use their hands or feet to pass a ball. They will know they will know that to throw/kick accurately they need to look at the target and aim. To catch accurately they need to make a cradle with their hands or arms and look at where the beanbag/ball is aimed.	Exercise causes the heart rate to rise; cheeks might flush, the body may sweat and body temperature rises. The importance of stretching and staying hydrated. Focus and concentration is necessary when dancing. Dance can be thought of as a narrative. Movements can be sequenced to create a dance. There is 'strong' and 'light' music and there are strong and light movements. There are different levels and directions within a space. When dancing with a partner it is important to be aware of each other and keep time.	 To know how to correct stretch muscles in the warm up. To have a basic understanding that conditioning builds muscle strength & endurance. To know how to safely land and finish skills. To know all basic gymnastics shapes. To know how to safely forward roll. To understand that it is important for us to warm up before we start gymnastics. To know that we only jump once on a springboard To know how to safely enter and exit partner balances and what to do if the balance becomes unsafe. To know how long balances are held for (3 seconds)
Can perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Key Skills	Striking and Hitting a ball: Use hitting skills in a game. Throwing and Catching: Throwing and Catching: Throwing and Catching: Throwing and Catching: Throw underarm and overarm (including throwing to a target) . Catch and bounce a ball. Use rolling skills in a game. Practise accurate throwing and consistent catching. Travelling with a Ball: Travel with a ball in different ways. Travel with a ball in different directions (side to side, forwards and backwards) with control and fluency. Passing a Ball: Pass the ball to another player in a game. Use kicking skills in a game. Use different ways of travelling in different directions or pathways. Run at different speeds. Begin to use space in a game. Attacking and Defending: Begin to use the terms attacking and defending. Use simple defensive skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Use simple attacking skills such as dodging to get past a defender. Tactics and Rules: Follow simple rules to play games, including team games. Use simple defensive skills such as dodging to get past a defender. Tactics and Rules: Follow simple rules to play games, including team games. Use simple defensive skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Use simple attacking skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Use simple attacking skills such as marking a player or defending a space. Compete/Perform: Perform using a range of actions and body parts with some coordination. Begin to perform learnt skills with some control. Engage in competitive activities and team games. Evaluate: Watch and describe performances. Begin to say how they could improve.	To explore the movements of different parts of the body. To explore different body shapes To create and perform a simple dance and a partnered dance with teacher guidance. To convey a short narrative through the medium of dance. To move in space safely with others, with an awareness of the body and the space it moves in To work with a partner, being aware of each other and keeping time. To copy a partner's movements To show sensitivity to music when moving To develop poise, balance and coordination while moving and stopping.	Floor: Introducing Forward rolls Jump variations Bunny Hops Bench: Walking variations bunny hop variations body slides and pulls forward roll dismounts Vault: Squat and Straddle on box top with dismount jumps. Bunny Hops on long vault Balances: Individual balances Partner balances Rebound: Jumps using trampette Jumps off the trestle table Jumps off the springboard
		sames from around the world' as part of children's mental health week (PSHE nent of internationalism)	Creating a dance based on familiar narratives (literacy link)	Vaulting skills equipment - Box Top, springboard Rebound Equipment: Trampette and Springboard Floor Equipment: Mats, Incline Wedge, Box Top Balance Equipment: Benches, Trestle Table runs with benches During the second half of the term the gymnasts will learn and perform a routine using a combination of skills from previous lessons. This routine will be performed in the form of a show towards the end of the second term.

	_		Year 2	
KS1 PE Curriculum End Points (NC)	Term	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Half Term Coverage	1 and 2	1 and 2	1 and 2
	Topic	Gymnastics	Dance	Games
Has mastered basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching. Has developed balance, agility and co-ordination, and is beginning to apply these in a range of activities. Can participate in team games and is developing simple tactics for attacking and defending. Can perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Key Knowledge Key Skills	To know how to correct stretch muscles in the warm up. To have a basic understanding that conditioning builds muscle strength & endurance. To know how to safely land and finish skills. To know how to safely forward roll. To understand that it is important for us to warm up before we start gymnastics. To know that we only jump once on a springboard to know the rhythm and order of a cartwheel - hand, hand, foot foot. To know how to safely enter and exit partner balances and what to do if the balance becomes unsafe. to know how long balances are held for (3 seconds) Floor: Forward rolls. Backward roll using wedge. Teddy bear rolls Jump variations Introducing Cartwheels Vault: Squat and Straddle on box top with dismount jumps. Bunny Hops on long vault Balances: Individual balances Partner balances Partner balances Rebound: Jumps using trampette Jumps off the springboard	To know you can use different parts of your body within a dance sequence. To know that changing rhythm and speed can enhance a dance performance and change how the choreography looks. To use the correct terminology for body parts involved in dance routines. To know that you can change levels and direction throughout a sequenced dance routine. To know you can use repetition and patterns within dance sequences. Change rhythm, speed, level and direction in dance Make a sequence by linking sections together (on own, as well as with a partner) Express a mood or feeling, including changes in mood and feeling, through a short dance routine.	Knows and can describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. Knows that physical activity is important to stay healthy. Knows how to use hitting, kicking and/or rolling in a game. Knows and can decide the best space to be in during a game. Knows how to use a tactic in a game. Knows how to use a tactic in a game. Know and can follow rules. Striking and Hitting a Ball: Strike or hit a ball with increasing control. Learn skills for playing striking and fielding games. Position the body to strike a ball. Throwing and Catching: Throw different types of equipment in different ways, for accuracy and distance. Throw, catch and bounce a ball with a partner. Use throwing and catching skills in a game. Throw a ball for distance. Use hand-eye coordination to control a ball. Vary types of throw used. Travelling with a Ball: Bounce and kick a ball whilst moving. Use kicking skills in a game. Use dribbling skills in a game. Sassing a Ball: Know how to pass the ball in different ways. Using Space: Use different ways of travelling at different speeds and following different pathways, directions or courses. Change speed and direction whilst running. Begin to choose and use the best space in a game. Attacking and Defending: Begin to choose and use the best space in a game. Attacking and Defending: Begin to choose and use the best space in a game. Use at least one technique to attack or defend to play a game successfully. Tactics and Rules: Understand the importance of rules in games.
				Use at least one technique to attack or defend to play a game successfully. Compete/Perform: Perform learnt skills with increasing control.
			School Context	
	Rebound Equipment: Floor Equipment: Mats Balance Equipment: Be During the second half combination of skills fro a show towards the en- Learn and play 'Games'	nt - High Vault in both positions, springboard Trampette and Springboard Incline Wedge, Box Top enches, Trestle Table runs with benches of the term the gymnasts will learn and perform a routine using a om previous lessons. This routine will be performed in the form of d of the second term. In from around the world' as part of children's mental health week opment of internationalism)	Can relate learning to extra curricular activities, for example, ballet. Use school grounds to perform dance. Refer to opportunities within that capital to experience dance.	Use of outdoor pitch

KS2 PE Curriculum	Term	Autumn			Spring	Summer	
End Points (NC):	Half Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Can use	Coverage	Dance: Capoeira*		Outdoor and adventure	Dance	Athletics	Gymnastics
running, jumping,	Topic	Invasion Games - Hockey	T	- Culdoor and davortaro		7.11.10.100	Symmasus:
throwing and	ТОРІС	*To run throughout term should Capoeira not take place	Capoeira is an Afro-Brazilian				
catching in isolation and	Key	Know how to play an invasion game fairly (Hockey Rules	martial art that combines	Knows how to follow	Knows how to improvise freely	Knows how to run at fast,	To understand the importance of
isolation and in combination. Is able to play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending. Has developed flexibility,	Knowledge	Now how to play an invasion game rainly (nuckey Rules applicable to Y3): Children not to raise the sticks above waist height After each goal children need to understand that there will be a restart (the ball must go backwards to begin the restart) Children to play under the time restraint of 15 minutes per half To know when centre passes are used and free passes are awarded, To understand scoring and actions that will result in a penalty - https://www.sasp.co.uk/uploads/primary-hockey-rules-format.pdf) Know how to keep and win back possession of the ball in a team game. Know how to dribble and pass with a Hockey stick Know how to dribble and pass with a Hockey stick	elements of dance, acrobatics and music* It was developed by enslaved Africans in Brazil at the beginning of the 16th century* It emphasises flowing movements rather than fixed stances; the ginga, a rocking step, is usually the focal point of the technique* The most widely accepted origin of the word capoeira comes from the Tupi words ka'a ("forest") paü ("round"), referring to the areas of low vegetation in the Brazilian interior where fugitive slaves would hide* A practitioner of the art is called	Knows how to follow a map in a familiar context Knows how to use clues to follow a route Knows how to follow a route safely	Anows now to improvise freely and translate ideas from a stimulus into movement Share and create phrases with a partner or small group Remember and repeat dance perform phrases Know that they can coordinate different body parts at the same time to create a dance. Can understand that they can create shapes at different levels to ensure a varied routine. Can use everyday movements (running, jumping etc) to create dance moves.	Nitows into that at last, medium and slow speeds; changing speed and direction Can take part in a relay, remembering/knowing when to run and what to do knows how to increase the distance that a thrown object travels through effective technique	To understand the importance of pulse raising and warm ups. To be able to identify when their pulse has been raised and their body is ready for stretches. To know the main parts of the body that need to be stretched prior to a gymnastics session. To know basic conditioning exercises to increase strength. To understand the importance or conditioning, stretching and endurance in gymnastics. To know how to safely move equipment. To know how to safely land and finish skills. To know how to safely enter and exit group balances and what to do if the balance becomes unsa
strength, technique, control and balance. Can perform	Cross Curricular Links	PSHE: Develop resilience and empathy. (PSHE link)	a capoeirista* PSHE: Cross cultural understanding*	PSHE – teamwork Geography - Locational Knowledge	PSHE team work and communication and inclusion. Music, recognising beats and rhythms	Sports Day Personal best	To understand the differences between a leap and a jump.
dances using a range of movement patterns. Is able to take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team Is able to compare their performance s with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Key Skills	Striking and Hitting: Demonstrate successful hitting and striking skills (moving and a stationary ball). Develop a range of skills in striking (and fielding where appropriate). Practise the correct striking technique and use it in a game. Strike the ball for distance. Travelling with a ball Move with the ball in a variety of ways with some control. Use two different ways of moving with a ball in a game. Passing a ball Pass the ball in a game situation with some success. Using Space Find a useful space and get into it to support teammates. Attacking and Defending Use simple attacking and defending skills in a game. Use fielding skills to stop a ball from travelling past them. Tactics and Rules Apply and follow rules fairly. Understand and begin to apply the basic principles of invasion games. Compete/Perform Develop the quality of the actions in their performances. Perform learnt skills and techniques with control and confidence. Compete against self and others in a controlled manner. Evaluate Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance. Describe how their performance has improved over time. Team skills and Sportsmanship; Collaboration, managing feelings and acting appropriately and respectfully during and after the games.	Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance Perform dances using a range of movement patterns	Trails Orientate themselves with increasing confidence and accuracy around a short trail. Problem Solving Identify and use effective communication to begin to work as a team. Identify symbols on a key Preparation and Organisation Begin to choose equipment that is appropriate for an activity Communication Communication Communication Begin to choose equipment that is appropriate for an activity Communication Communication Begin to complete activities in a set period of time. Begin to complete activities in a set period of fire. Begin to offer an evaluation of personal performances and activities.	Recognise a beat and time movements to it. Keep count of a beat. Discuss and analyse ideas for a performance in a group. Move different body parts at the same time in coordination to a beat. change rhythm, speed, level and direction in a planned dance routine. Make a sequence of choreographed movements that involve a variety of thought out plans. Express an atmosphere or mood that can be interpreted by an audience. Evaluation: Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance Describe how their performance has improved over time. Listen to the ideas of others	Running Identify and demonstrate how different techniques can affect their performance. Focus on their arm and leg action to improve their sprinting technique. Begin to combine running with jumping over hurdles. Focus on trail leg and lead leg action when running over hurdles. Understand the importance of adjusting running pace to suit the distance being run. Jumping Use one and two feet to take off and to land with. Develop an effective take-off for the standing long jump. Develop an effective flight phase for the standing long jump. Land safely and with control. Throwing Perform a pull throw. Measure the distance of their throws. Continue to develop techniques to throw for increased distance. Evaluation: Evaluation:	Floor: Forward roll variations including forward roll to straddle stand. Backward roll variations including to straddle stand. Teddy bear rolls Cartwheels including; one handed, side to side, front to back, cartwheels using equipment. Handstands including; handstand shaping. Leaps & Spins; leap variations, transitional movements, spin variations. Vault: Squat and Straddle ons with dismount jumps. Roll along vaults Bunny Hops on long vault Balances: Individual balances Partner balances Partner balances Forup balances Evaluation: Evaluate the effectiveness of ow and other's performances,
_		1		School Context	Can relate learning to extra curricular activities, for example, ballet. International evening Refer to experience with New Adventures	Link to Sports Day	During the second half of the term gymnasts will learn and perform a routine using a combination of skill from previous lessons. This routin will be performed in the form of a show towards the end of the seconterm.

Curriculum	Term	Autumn		S	pring		Summer		
nts (NC):	Half Term			at Clissold Leisure Centre – 4M)			Swimming Lessons at Clissold Leisure Centre – 4E)		
ın use	Coverage	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summ	er 2	
nning, nping,	Topic	Gymnastics (Both Classes)	Athletics (4E)	Dance (4E)	Dance (4M; launched by showcase performance by 4E)	Athletics (4M)	Invasion Games (Both Classes)	Outdoor (Both Classes)	
g and g in n and ation. to play itive d riate ply les e for e g and ing veloped ty, h, uue, and	Key Knowledge	To understand the importance of pulse raising and warm ups. To be able to identify when their pulse has been raised and their body is ready for stretches. To know a variety of stretches that will prepare their bodies for a gymnastics session. To know basic conditioning exercises to increase stretch and endurance. To know what conditioning exercises will improve specific parts of the body. To understand the importance of conditioning, stretch and endurance in gymnastics. To know how to safely move equipment. To know how to safely move equipment. To know how to safely enter and exit group balances and what to do if the balance becomes unsafe. To understand the differences between a leap	Knows how to sprint over a short distance and understands that a sprint style can't be sustained over a long distance Knows how to jump in different ways Knows how to throw in different ways and hit a target (at appropriate distance), when needed	Perform dance to a sequence to take a Dance shows clarit Shows increasing k styles of dance Chooses appropria dance/movements/ Knows the impact o coordination can m this when moving a Knows the importar groups in preparatit Knows that dance on arratives. Knows and can sta	cose own dances in a creative way n accompaniment devising the ccount of rhythm and style of music. y, fluency, accuracy and consistency nowledge of a varying number of	Knowledge as stated for 4E Autumn 2.	A player that does not return a live ball in tennis, before it bounces twice, loses the point. Know how to hit a ball/shuttlecock accurately with control Know how to vary tactics and adapt skills depending on what is happening in a game	Knows how to follow a map in a (more demanding) familiar context Knows how to follow a route within a time limit	
nce. peerform es using ge of ment ment rns. le to take in outdoor nturous ity enges idually within a le to aare their ormances previous and onstrate overment hieve personal	Key Skills	and a jump. Floor: Forward roll variations including; forward roll to straddle stand. Backward roll variations including; to straddle stand. Cartwheels including; one handed, side to side, front to back, introducing round off, linking cartwheels, cartwheels using equipment. Handstands including; handstand shaping, partner handstands. Leaps & Spins; leap variations, transitional movements, spin variations, linking leaps and spins. Vault: Squat and Straddle ons with dismount jumps. Introducing through vaults Roll along vaults Balances: Individual balances Partner balances Group balances Evaluation Evaluate effectiveness of own and others performances and suggest improvements.	Running Confidently demonstrate an improved technique for sprinting. Carry out an effective sprint finish. Perform a relay, focusing on the bation changeover technique. Speed up and slow down smoothly. Jumping Learn how to combine a hop, step and jump to perform the standing triple jump. Land safely and with control. Begin to measure the distance jumped. Throwing Perform a pull throw. Measure the distance of their throws. Continue to develop techniques to throw for increased distance. Evaluation Evaluate effectiveness of own and others performances and suggest improvements	moving and stoppin Show sensitivity to when performing. Evaluate dance and Manage coordinatid Sequence moveme Dance shows clarit Create and perform movement. Dance shows clarit Move safely, in vari	music by keeping time to the beat d group movement. on of self and with others. nt.		Striking and Hitting Use a racquet to hit a ball or shuttlecock with accuracy and control. Accurately serve underarm. Build a rally with a partner. Use at least two different shots in a game situation. Use hand-eye coordination to strike a moving and a stationary ball. Passing a Ball: Pass the ball/shuttlecock with increasing speed, accuracy and success in a game situation. Using Space Make the best use of space to return the ball/shuttlecock Tactics and Rules Vary the tactics used in a game Compete Perform Performa and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy Evaluate Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements. Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result. Team Skills and Sportsmanship Develop resilience in the context of sport and demonstrate being a good competitor.	Trails Orientate themselves with accuracy around a short trail. Create a short trail for others wit a physical challenge. Start to recognise features of an orienteering course. Problem Solving Communicate clearly with other people in a team, and with other teams. Have experience of a range of roles within a team and begin to identify the key skills required to succeed at each. Associate the meaning of a key in the context of the environmen Preparation and Organisation Try a range of equipment for creating and completing an activity. Make an informed decision on the best equipment to use for an activity. Plan and organise a trait that others can follow. Communication Communication Complete an orienteering course. Degin to use a map to complete an orienteering course. Compete and Perform Complete an orienteering course more than once and begin to identify ways of improving completion time. Offer an evaluation of both personal performances and activities. Start to improve trails to increase the	
	springleRebouFloor E	g skills equipment - High Vault in both positions, poard and Equipment : Trampette and Springboard Equipment: Mats, Incline Wedge, Box Top se Equipment: Benches, Trestle Table runs with			pol Context revious project work with Matthew entures			challenge of the course.	

			Year 6		
			High Intensity Interval Training		
		w the impact of physical exercise has on the bo of lexibility, strength, technique, control and bal	dy such as cardiovascular health, heart and lung health, as well as improvements to musc	le strength and endurance	
KS2 PE Curriculum	Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2
End Points (NC):	Topic	Athletics	Gymnastics	Dance	Games (Cricket)
Can use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. Is able to play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply	running, Knowledge and increase strength throwing and catching in solation and in combination. s able to play competitive games, modified where appropriate		Knows how to create their own complex sequences involving the full range of actions and movements Knows how to demonstrate precise and controlled placement of body parts in their actions, shapes and balances. Knows how to confidently use equipment to vault and incorporate this into sequences. Knows how to apply skills and techniques consistently, showing precision and control. Knows how to develop strength, technique and flexibility throughout performances.	Knows how to develop sequences in a specific style	Know how to lead and motivate others in a game situation when the need arises To know, agree on, demonstrate and be able to explain the rules of cricket e.g. how is it played, how to take a wicket, leg before wicket (lbw) - Rules of the game as stated https://australiansportscamps.com.au/blog/how-to-teach-cricket-to-kids-beginners/ PSHE-teamwork, communication, managing emotions
basic principles suitable for	Curricular Links				Maths-counting in multiples of 4 and 6, subtraction/addition of total amounts Science-Circulatory system
attacking and defending. Has developed flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance. Can perform dances using a range of movement patterns. Is able to take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team Is able to compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Key Skills	Running: Recap, practise and refine an effective sprinting technique, including reaction time. Build up speed quickly for a sprint finish. Run over hurdles with fluency, focusing on the lead leg technique and a consistent stride pattern. Accelerate to pass other competitions. Work as a team to competitively perform a relay. Confidently and independently select the most appropriate pace for different distances and different parts of the run. Demonstrate endurance and stamina over longer distances in order to maintain a sustained run. Jumping: Develop the technique for the standing vertical jump. Maintain control at each of the different stages of the triple jump. Land safely and with control. Develop and improve their techniques for jumping for height and distance and support others in improving their performance. Perform and apply different types of jumps in other contexts. Set up and lead jumping activities including measuring the jumps with confidence and accuracy. Throwing: Perform a heave throw. Measure and record the distance and support others in improving their personal best. Develop and refine techniques to throw for increased distance and support others in improving their personal best.	Rolls: Forward roll from standing Straddle forward roll Pike forward roll Pike forward roll Dive forward roll Tucked backward roll Backward roll to straddle Backward roll to standing pike Pike backward roll Jumps: Straight jump Jumping jack Star jump Jumping jack Star jump Straddle jump Pike jump Straddle jump off Pike jump full-turn Cat leap Cat leap half-turn Cat leap full-turn Split leap Stag leap Vaults Star jump off Straddle on vault Star jump off Straddle jump off Pike jump off Squat through vault Straddle over vault Handstands, Cartwheels and Roundoffs: Lunge into cartwheel Lunge into round-off Travelling and Linking Movements: Tipte, step, jump and hop Hopscotch Skipping Chassis steps Straight jump half turn Straight jump full turn Cat leap Cat leap half turn Cat leap half turn Cat leap full turn Pivot Shapes and Balances 1, 2, 3 and 4- point balances Balances on apparatus Develop technique, control and complexity of part-weight partner balances Group formations Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes Front and back support Evaluate: Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements.	Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style. Compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style. Use dramatic expression in dance movements and motifs. Perform with confidence, using a range of movement patterns. Demonstrate strong and controlled movements throughout a dance sequence. Combine flexibility, techniques and movements to create a fluent sequence. Move appropriately and with the required style in relation to the stimulus, e.g. using various levels, ways of travelling and motifs. Show a change of pace and timing in their movements. Move rhythmically and accurately in dance sequences. Improvise with confidence, still demonstrating fluency across their sequence. Dance with fluency and control, linking all movements and ensuring that transitions flow. Demonstrate consistent precision when performing dance sequences. Modify some elements of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation. Use complex dance vocabulary to comparand improve work. Link actions to create a complex sequence using a full range of movement. Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision. Evaluate: Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements.	Striking and Hitting a ball: Hit a bowled ball over longer distances. Use good hand-eye coordination to be able to direct a ball when striking or hitting. Throwing and catching: Throw and catch accurately and successfully under pressure in a game. Bowl an overarm throw Travelling (with and without a Ball): Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination Passing a Ball: How to catch and throw a cricket ball correctly in the context of fielding, including passing and receiving the ball on the move. Possession: Keep and win back possession of the ball effectively and in a variety of ways in a team game. Using Space: Demonstrate a good awareness of space. Attacking and Defending: Think ahead and create a plan of attack or defence. Apply knowledge of skills for attacking and defending. Work as a team to develop fielding strategies to prevent the opposition from scoring.
		<u> </u>	School Context	1	aroughtur and appropriate improvements.
		l to Kench Hill (Term 1) :			
	ChildrenUse clu	dventurous Activity: Orienteering n follow a map into an unknown location es to navigate a route strategy with others and navigate a route comp	Outdoor and Adventurous Activity 2: • Children follow a mixed terrain route along and etitively	Archery: d through a stream Children	n develop technique and control of movement