



prehistoric



Stone Age



Bronze Age



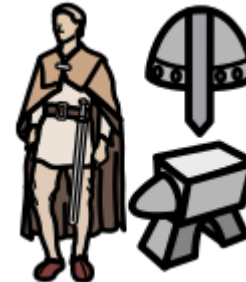
Iron Age



settlement



woolly
mammoth



Y3 History: Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age



henge



tools



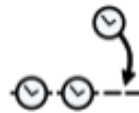
trade



cave painting



gold



chronological
order



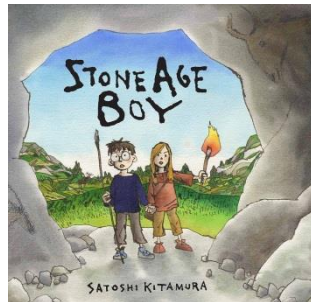
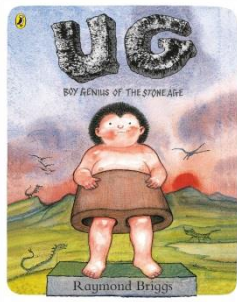



agriculture



barrow

Y3 History- Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age: Topic Vocabulary Mat

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Relevant Pictures	Exciting Books/Websites
Prehistoric era	The time before people started writing.	 <p>Many cave paintings have been found, which date from prehistoric times.</p>  <p>The woolly mammoth is one of the many extinct animals that lived during prehistoric times. Stone Age people hunted it for food and used its bones and tusks for making art, tools and places to live.</p>	 
Stone Age	The prehistoric period where people used tools made of stone, wood, bone and animal skin.		<p>Other information</p>  <p>Stonehenge is a henge in Somerset and one of the world's most famous prehistoric sights. Archaeologists believe it is 4-5,000 years old!</p>
Bronze Age	The prehistoric period following the stone age, where people used tools made of bronze (a stronger material than stone).		
Iron Age	The prehistoric period following the bronze age, where people used tools made of iron (a stronger metal than bronze).		
settlement	A place where people make a home for the first time, to carry out farming or to start a community.		
henge	A prehistoric monument consisting of stone circle. Prehistoric people gathered at henges and used them for worship.	What I've learnt already	Key Knowledge
trade	The act of buying and selling goods. In prehistoric times, people might buy or sell tools, valuable materials (such as gold) or items they had made such as pots.	<p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hackney has changed over time, from prehistory to the present day. Historical sources can help us to identify what Hackney was like during different time periods. Toys have changed over time; historically, they were made of wood and metal. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Stone Age was a prehistoric era. It came before previously studied history topics and lasted from 5 million years ago to approximately 2.5 million years ago.
barrows	When people died in prehistoric times, they were buried under a mound of earth called a 'burial mound' or 'barrow'.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The era was called the Stone Age because of this was the main material used to build and make tools.
agriculture	The practice of farming: growing plants for food, or rearing (raising and looking after) animals for meat or animal products.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Stone Age consisted of three different periods – the Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic The discovery of fire, the development of increasingly sophisticated tools and the introduction of settlements and farming all changes the way people lived.
chronological order	The arrangement of events in the order they happened – from first to last or most recent.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Religion became more organised as the era progressed into the Bronze Age (eg burial grounds). The Bronze Age led to stronger weapons, better farming and the start of simple boat trade During the Iron Age, a range of economic and social changes led to - the concept of wealth, different towns with defences and an increase in trade and land ownership.